



CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS

No. 34605.

HONG KONG, MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1950

Price: 20 Cents.

ARMED REVOLT IN SINKIANG

Woman killed in landslide

A 39-year-old woman, Chan Kam-yung, was killed and a man and a 10-year-old boy were injured in a landslide on the hillside of Ming Yuen Hi North Point, yesterday afternoon.

The landslide occurred at 4.35 p.m. The injured, Lam Wing, aged 44, and Guo Wan, aged 16, were taken to the Queen Mary Hospital. They were working on the hillside at the time.

Five persons, three women and two men, were killed and eight others were injured in a landslide at a Hong Kong Quarry Company quarry in Shaukiwan above Shing On Street on Saturday morning.

Sino-Soviet plans in SE Asia

London, June 3. Informed quarters said today that British intelligence reports indicated that Russia and Communist China had split their "colonial objectives" in South East Asia and embarked on a plan of "practical co-operation" in the area.

Intelligence reports to the Foreign Office said that among the important "plums" parcelled out to Mao Tse-tung's Chinese Communists were Burma, Indonesia and Malaya, rubber and tin and Siam, rice, India and Pakistan were said to be included in Communist China's "sphere of influence," a goal to be attained by developing "peasant resistance."

Sources claimed, there is evidence in reports that the Chinese Communists intend to intervene directly in the Indo-Chinese conflict between the French-sponsored Vietnam Government under Emperor Bao Dai and the Vietnamese faction led by Moscow-trained Ho Chi-minh.

Haiphong blockade

The Chinese Communist occupation of Hainan Island was held to fore-shadow a Communist blockade of Haiphong which is the chief supply port for French forces in Tonkin province. The British and French navies were understood to be making plans to counter this attempt through co-operation in coastal patrols.

Intelligence reports said when the Chinese Communist leader, Mao Tse-tung, was in Moscow he was allocated by Moscow a "programme for execution," including assistance to Ho Chi-minh in the capture of Tonkin, a move on Siam and finally to re-locate the guerrillas in Malaya.

The reports said that "resistance" in India was "taking root" mainly in Bengal and South East Hyderabad. Moscow radio was said to be supporting this campaign by a "full programme of shortwave, Bengal, Hindustan broadcasts."—United Press.

MR. BEVIN'S OPERATION

London, June 4. The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, is making good progress after undergoing an operation yesterday for an anal fistula—a pipe-like ulcer—a Foreign Office spokesman said today.

Mr. Bevin, who is 69, is expected to remain in a London clinic for another three weeks. This was Mr. Bevin's second operation this year. He underwent an operation for haemorrhoids last April and came out of hospital only a few days before the "Big Three" Foreign Ministers' talks began last month.—Reuters.

The Weather

At 0000 GMT (11 p.m. HKT) the troupe, berths from North Indo-China across the China Sea, South of Hainan to the Luson Strait, then down to the depression of the South China Sea, Tokyo, Japan, and finally, slowly, towards Formosa, Typhoon, winds, strong, Easterly winds, fair.

Yesterday's Weather—Fair.

Maximum: 80°F (26.7°C), Fair.

Minimum: 71°F (21.7°C), Fair.

Rainfall: 1.5 inches (38 mm).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Barometric Pressure: 1010 mb.

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

Visibility: 10 miles (16 km).

Temperature: 80°F (26.7°C).

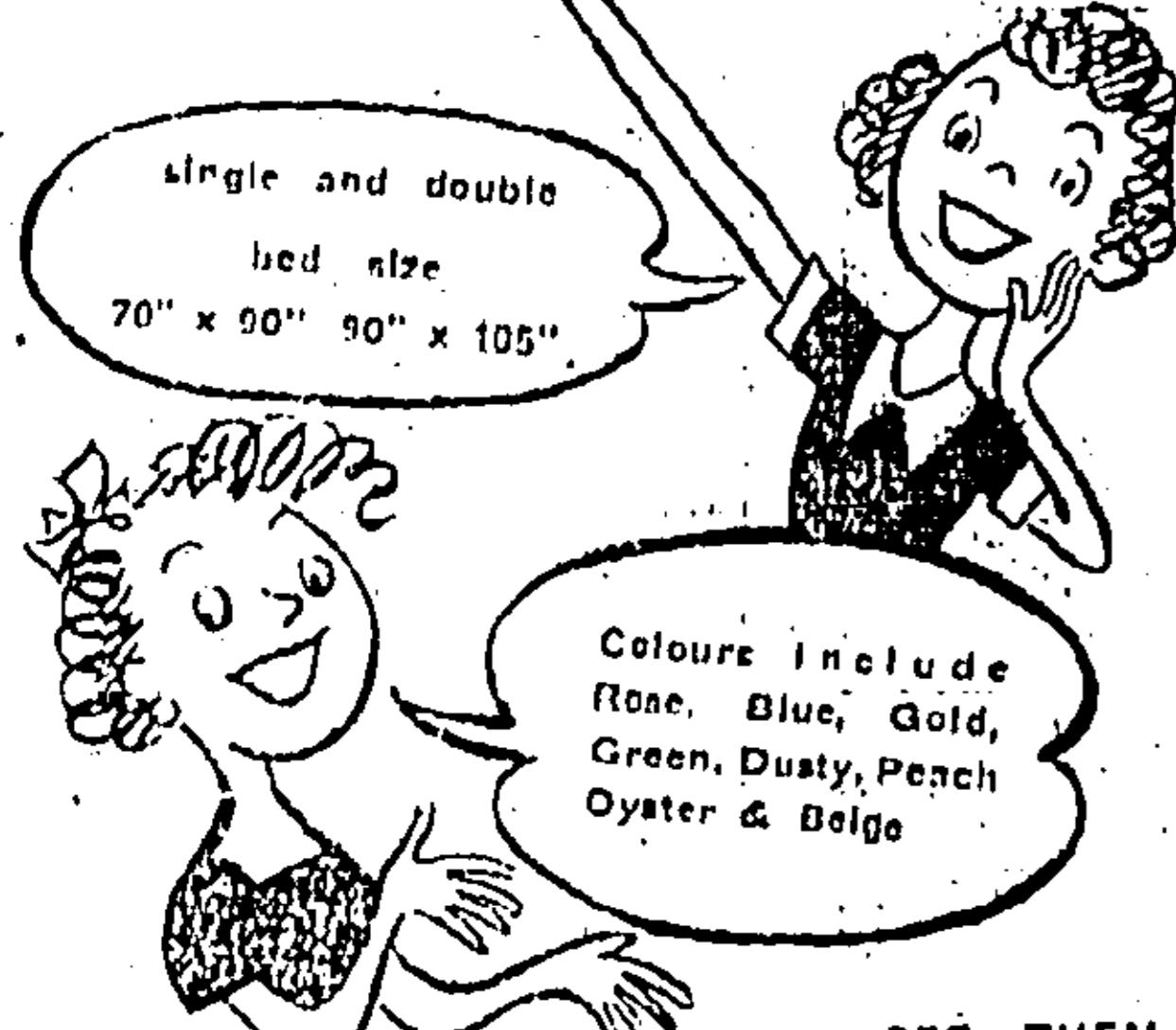
Wind: 10-12 mph (16-19 km/h).

Humidity: 80%.

Clouds: 80%.

LUXURIOUS...
WASHABLE "EVERWEAR"

CANDLEWICK
BED SPREADS
MADE
IN
GT. BRITAIN
ALL COTTON
FULLY PRE-SHRUNK



SEE THEM IN THE
FURNISHING DEPT.

1850
Lane, Crawford's
1950

PEKIN SYNDICATE LTD.

Rooms 316-319, Edinburgh House. Telephone 31224.

Before You Paint Your Wooden Surfaces,
apply

SISSONS ALUMINIUM PRIMER
(A Sissions Brothers & Co., Ltd. Product)

— to be used for direct application
on to wood, old creosoted surfaces etc.
and particularly on resinous wood.

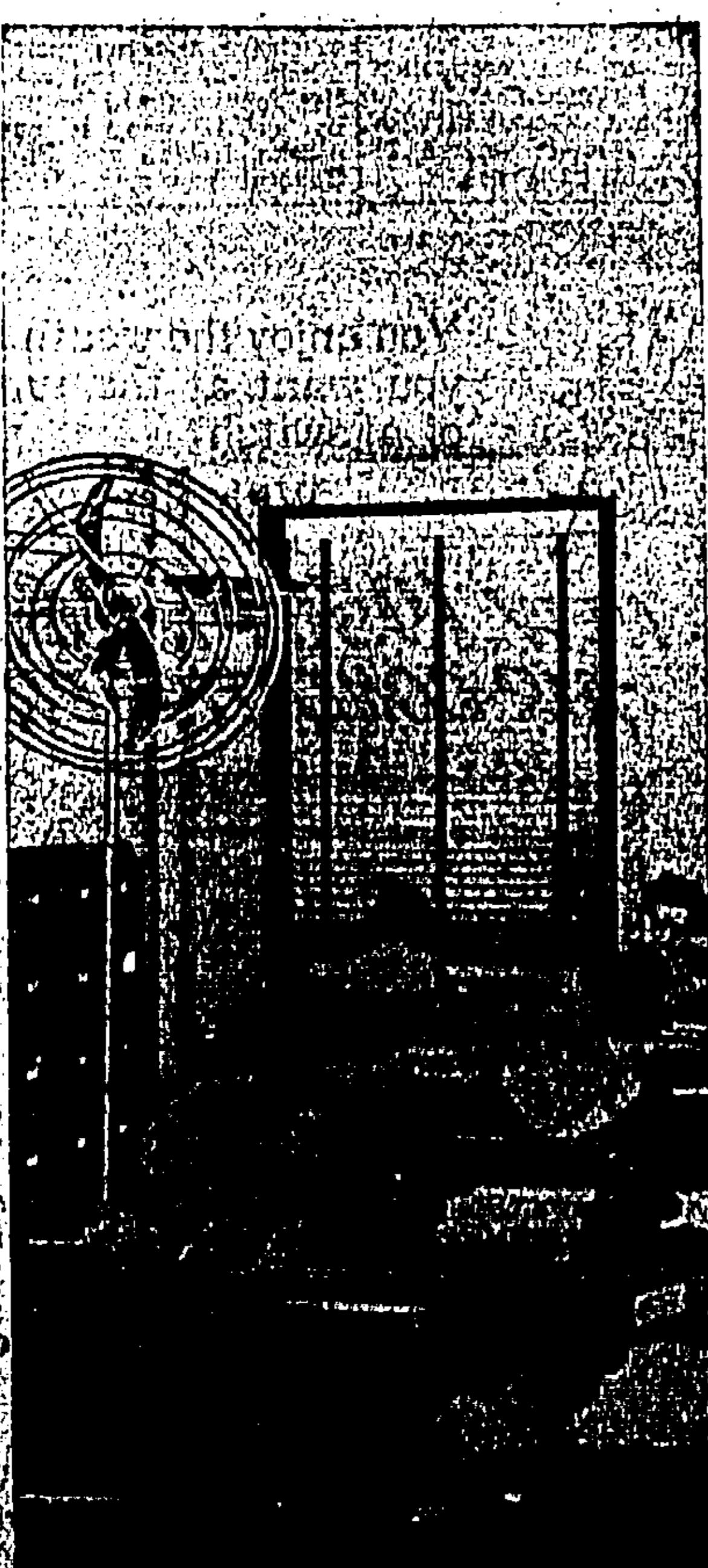
(N.B.—Should not be used over CELLULOSE Paints)

Available at all leading stores.

but in case of difficulty

See The Syndicate

Solo Agents for Hongkong & China.



Correspondence

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

BEACH INCIDENT

Sir.—In reply to the letter from "Free French" about the conduct of British troops in Hong Kong, I, as a regular soldier of some experience in various parts of the world, would like to draw your attention to a few facts.

The main one is the speech H. E. the Governor made when he inspected the 4th Division, when he stated that the British soldier out here is a credit to Britain. I realise that among the garrison there must be a few bad eggs, but surely the garrison are not judged by the few.

As for the suggestion about having M. P.'s on the beach, this is impossible for two reasons. The allocation of M. P.'s is one N. C. O. to three or four hundred troops, and the scarlet cap cover is to make the M. P.'s stand out, and when the law is about soldiers and civilians alike are little good.

Furthermore, if the men concerned were in bathing suits, how does "Free French" know they were soldiers? Why not sailors or R. A. F. Your correspondent states that there were no means to identify the persons concerned, but he could see the girls taking to him, so in all probability the girls were willing parties and assuming he is a man why didn't he intervene?

True to form, now that the Communist invasion threat is over, the civilian population are looking at the British Army as an unnecessary evil. What a change from the latter half of 1949 and the welcome the B. L. A. got in France in 1944.

Yours etc.,

FIVE BRITISH SOLDIERS.

Sir.—I see that "Free French" is another of those persons who lose no time in criticising the British soldier. Some persons on the beach who do something stupid to amuse themselves catch his eye and he thinks straight away that it must be British soldiers—nobody else would think of doing anything so mad. I know of many stupid games that were played during the war and not played by the British soldier.

As for putting Military Police on the beaches, doesn't your correspondent think that a soldier needs to have a little time away from military discipline? How would he like to go swimming with a police constable watching him all the time?

But had I been in your correspondent's shoes, and had caused to feel real concern over the safety of three girls in a boat, I should have done something about it promptly—or would I be taking the law into my own hands?

Yours etc.,

EX-RED CAP.

VOICE OF PROPHECY

The Voice of Prophecy Bible Correspondence School in its campaign for members held a second rally at the Alhambra Theatre yesterday morning attended by more than 1,500 people.

Pastor Milton Lee, in opening the meeting, declared that rallies were being held all over the world in which much patriotism and war were being shouted about but that this rally was held

Wedding



Mrs. Francesca Mary Rull became the bride of Mr. Robert William Norris at St. Theresa's Church yesterday. The bridegroom is a Revenue Inspector in the Revenue Department. ("China Mail" photo).

Graduation Dinner

A cheerful evening was enjoyed at the Graduation Dinner given by the graduates of the Faculty of Arts, Hong Kong University, who passed their Degree Examination (Bachelor of Arts) last month at the Kam Lung Restaurant last night.

Among the staff of the University present were Prof. R. K. M. Simpson, Prof. R. Robertson, Prof. Ma Kiam, Dr. and Mrs. E. S. Kirby, Dr. and Mrs. S. G. Davis, Dr. and Mrs. K. C. Hou, Dr. Dachin Yin, Rev. Fr. M. Mansfield, S. J. Rev. Fr. F. Cronin, S. J., Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Endacott, Mr. and Mrs. K. P. Chan, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bentley and Miss C. M. Mather.

The graduates proposed a toast of thanks to the staff of the Faculty and the latter congratulated the students on their success. This year's graduates have created a record in the history of the University by scoring a 100 per cent Pass.

The following graduated:

B. A. (In Letters & Philosophy): Mr. William Cheng, Mrs. Evelyn Lu, Miss Irene Ngan Kit-ling, Miss Hanifa Abdullah.

B. A. (In Economics & Political Science): Mr. Peter Chan Pe-lak, Mr. Eric Ho Hung-luen, Mr. Lew Cur-chi, Mr. Sydney S. W. Leong, Mr. Peter Wong Chuk-cheong, Mr. Arthur Yuen Mew-long, Miss Lucille Fung Yun-sim, Miss Mamie Leung Ol-mui, Miss Nancy Li, Miss Tang Kwei-ying, Miss Beryl Wong Mai-luk, Miss Wong Sui-king, Miss Florence Young Wal-yung, Miss Grace Young Tsien-ku.

under the banner of Christ.

Speakers at the rally included Pastors T. C. Chin, F. W. Detmar, Ho Wal-chin, Meng Chuo, T. S. Geruty, D. M. Barnett, H. H. Morse and Mr. Yam Chung-pui, Assistant Principal of the School.

A violin solo was rendered by Dr. Yang in place of Mr. John Braga who was unable to attend. The Bay View Church Choir was in attendance.

Play out the Play

A very amusing "play extempore" has been recently performed by the "Friend of China" in which some rather striking effects were produced, by the actors being left to select their own scenery, machinery, dresses, and decorations." Being of Falstaff's mind in desiring to see them "play out the play," we set apart as much stage room as we could afford in our last "Overland" for its representation, regretting that it was too long, and our own editorial opinions compelled us to give selections only."

A speech from the "Friend" at the Register's being a Deacon of the Church as well as superintending Hangman of the Colony, seems to have been one of the most telling hits, because it immediately produced an appeal from the audience from Mr. W. H. Mitchell, in popular person, in which he emphatically denied that he is a Deacon, but only a Bachelor of Arts, who gave the Church the slip. The College which can boast of this alumnum is not mentioned, nor the extent of classical attainments it requires. In granting a license to practice law, but judging by the specimens from time to time afforded by the Editor of the "Register," the Latin examination cannot be very strict. As for the English classics, it is evident that a very slight knowledge indeed is demanded by his University, and that English poetry is not amongst the arts for which it confers bachelorship, for in the official report to the Friend Mr. Mitchell disclaims his rival and living at a vibration.

"The 'Horn' thing is there a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

...and in the 'Horn' there is a faint strength.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
\$1 for every additional insertion
10 cents every additional word per insertion
(Alternate insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion
of 25 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 6 p.m. for publication
in the following day's paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if Advertiser's requirements are satisfactorily answered.

POSITION WANTED

EXPERIENCED Shanghai wash
mah kitchen works house cleaning
etc., hard working, English
Speaking, good references. Books
position please write Box 875
"Sunday Herald".

WANTED KNOWN

RADIO REPAIRS performed by
trained technicians under foreign
supervision. Modern, accurate
methods, no guesswork. Repairs
include cleaning and checking
chassis. Moderate rates, reliable
work. Our reputation is on your
guarantees. Phone 26310, and
we'll do the rest. Colonial
Agencies, School Building, 14
Queen's Road.

RENTOME DRESSES—Sales
Bld Reductions, 604 Victory House,
Wyndham Street (80 yards past
Morning Post Bldg.) Tel. 38043.

DRESSES and Blouses (all kinds
of materials) at competitive prices
—from HK\$20.00 up. Satisfaction
guaranteed. Inspection cordially
invited at Long Kee Ladies Tailor
31D Nathan Road, Kowloon.

LADIES, we have at your service
all specialized operations for
Helene Curtis' cool waves,
machinists oil perms, hairdressing &
manicure—ROSE MARIE Beauty
Parlour—Phone 60384—43, Han-
kow Rd., Kowloon.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE
SWINDON BOOK STORE, 28
NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG

MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDINGS

No. 43 of 1949

IN THE MATTER of the
Trusts of the Will and
Codicil of Wei Ah
Kwong, deceased
AND

IN THE MATTER of the
Trustees' Ordinance No.
18 of 1934.

ALL Persons claiming to be
children of sons or the
representatives of deceased children
of sons of the abovenamed de-
ceased, living on the 18th day
of November, 1942 and as such
claiming to be entitled upon
the distribution of the Resi-
duary Estate of the above-
named deceased are pursuant
to an Order made in the above-
proceedings on the 26th day of
May, 1950 required to give
notice of their claim to the
undersigned on or before the
31st day of July, 1950 or the
Trustees will proceed to dis-
tribute the Residuary Estate
having regard to the claims of
which on that date they have.

Dated the 20th day of May,
1950.

F. ZIMMERN & CO.,
Solicitors
for
The Chinese Printing
and Publishing
Company, Limited.

NOTICE

IN THE MATTER of the
Companies (Re-
construction of Re-
cords) Ordinance,
1947

and
IN THE MATTER of
The Sui Wa Company,
Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the abovenamed company has
lost its Register of Members
and that application has been
made under sec. 12 of Ordinance
No. 40 of 1947 as amended
by Ordinance No. 24 of
1948 to re-construct its Register
of Members.

The Statutory Declaration
in support and the exhibits
thereto can be inspected on
payment of \$1.00 in the office
of the Registrar of Companies
at anytime during Office hours.

All persons who claim to be
entitled to be registered as
shareholders of the Company
should notify the Company or
Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist of
No. 2, Queen's Road Central,
Victoria, aforesaid, Solicitors
for the Company or their full
names and addresses, their
claim and the evidence upon
which it is based within 3
months from the expiration of
the calendar week in which
the first advertisement in the
China Mail appears.

Dated the 22nd day of May,
1950.

WILKINSON & GRIST,
Solicitors
for
The Sui Wa Company,
Limited.

NATURALISATION NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that John
Shiu Kee Loong, of 69 Bonham
Road Hongkong is applying to the
Governor for naturalisation, and
that any person who knows any
reason why naturalisation should
not be granted should send a written
signed statement of the facts to
the Colonial Secretary, Colonial
Secretary, Hong Kong.

Dated the 22nd day of May,
1950.

"HERFORD"

HORIZONTAL
SINGLE CYLINDER
COLD START
FOUR STROKE
DIESEL OIL ENGINES

12—120 H.P.
Prompt Delivery.
Manufactured in
British Zone Germany.
Exclusively for
DOUGLAS ELLISON
LTD.

130, Shoreditch High St.,
London, E.1, England.
Cables: Delisted London.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., Hong Kong.

Real Estate
Brokers
and
Valuers

TO LET AT KADOOIE
AVENUE, KOWLOON
New apartments 3 rooms 2 bathrooms
\$1,000 month on acceptable terms.

Telegrams:
"Harriman"
Tel: 31255

TAKEKOSHI & CO., LTD.

No. 1, 3-chome Ningyocho,
Nihonbashi Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan.

EXPORTERS FOR:

WEAVING LOOM, HOSIERY MACHINE,
STEEL REEDS, WIRE HEAIDS, KNITTING
NEEDLES, SEWING MACHINES.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine
Peking and Tientsin, lovely de-
signs and colourings, various sizes
come and inspect at The China
Rug Co., Kayssell Building, 4th
Floor (Opposite Hong Kong
Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

DANCING LESSONS
BALL-ROOM dancing lessons
may be arranged at Windsor,
School of dancing, 1 Granville
Road, Kowloon, 2-6 p.m. Mon-
days to Fridays.

FOR SALE

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own
a New Pilot Radio—Whether you
need a bedside, midget, large table
model, or luxury radiogram—
we have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as
low as only \$20 per month. Colonial
Agencies, School Building, 14
Queen's Road. Phone 26310.

DRESSES Latest variety of ready
made Summer Dresses from \$20.00
up. Just arrived Raw Silk, Linen,
Seersucker. Inspection welcomed,
orders taken. Kee Zang Co., 82
Nathan Road. Tel. 50698.

HONG KONG FILM AND
THEATRE NEWS at \$1.00 per
copy. Obtainable at all Leading
Book Stores, Newspaper Galleries,
Cinemas and "China Mail" Office.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Re-
vised edition) at \$3.00 per copy.
Obtainable at all Leading Book
Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PAOS—100 pieces
at 50 cents each. On sale at
"China Mail" Office. Winkler
House, Tel. 32218.

NOTICE

IN THE MATTER of the
Companies Ordinance
(Re-construction of
Records) Ordinance,
1947

and
IN THE MATTER of the
Chinese Printing and Publishing
Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the abovenamed company has
lost its Memorandum of Association
and the only available
copy of the Articles of Association
is illegible. It is proposed, therefore, to adopt a
new Memorandum and Articles
of Association.

A copy of the proposed new
Memorandum and Articles of Association
may be inspected at the office of the Company
at No. 51, Gough Street, ground floor, Victoria in the
Colony of Hong Kong, or at the
offices of Messrs. F. Zimmern & Co., of Holland House,
fourth floor, Queen's Road Central, Victoria aforesaid the
Solicitors for the Company, at any time during office hours.

Any person who objects to
such new Memorandum and
Articles of Association, should file
the objection with the Registrar of Companies, Supreme
Court, Hong Kong with the
address for service within the
Colony, of the person objecting
thereto not later than the
first day of August, 1950.

Dated the 20th day of May,
1950.

F. ZIMMERN & CO.,
Solicitors
for
The Chinese Printing
and Publishing
Company, Limited.

NOTICE

IN THE MATTER of the
Companies (Re-
construction of Re-
cords) Ordinance,
1947

and
IN THE MATTER of
The Sui Wa Company,
Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the abovenamed company has
lost its Register of Members
and that application has been
made under sec. 12 of Ordinance
No. 40 of 1947 as amended
by Ordinance No. 24 of
1948 to re-construct its Register
of Members.

The Statutory Declaration
in support and the exhibits
thereto can be inspected on
payment of \$1.00 in the office
of the Registrar of Companies
at anytime during Office hours.

All persons who claim to be
entitled to be registered as
shareholders of the Company
should notify the Company or
Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist of
No. 2, Queen's Road Central,
Victoria, aforesaid, Solicitors
for the Company or their full
names and addresses, their
claim and the evidence upon
which it is based within 3
months from the expiration of
the calendar week in which
the first advertisement in the
China Mail appears.

Dated the 22nd day of May,
1950.

WILKINSON & GRIST,
Solicitors
for
The Sui Wa Company,
Limited.

NATURALISATION NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that John
Shiu Kee Loong, of 69 Bonham
Road Hongkong is applying to the
Governor for naturalisation, and
that any person who knows any
reason why naturalisation should
not be granted should send a written
signed statement of the facts to
the Colonial Secretary, Colonial
Secretary, Hong Kong.

Dated the 22nd day of May,
1950.



Dr. Raden A. Subardjo (left), Ambassador-at-Large and Head of the Indonesian Delegation to the Baguio Conference, and Mr. G.C. Saw, President of the Indonesian Association of Hong Kong. (Photo by Victor Studio).

OBJECTORS TO STREET NAMES GET GAOLED

Nicosia, June 3. The Cyprus Supreme Court on Saturday sentenced the Communist mayor and six Municipal Councillors of Limassol to jail until they undertake to carry out an order issued by the Governor to restore two street names.

Two councillors, one Greek and one Turk, who stated that they disagreed with their colleagues and had no intention of disobeying the order, were discharged.

A group outside the court, which cheered the councillors as they were taken away to prison, quickly dispersed without further incident.

The councillors objected to street names because "they were named after personalities of the gloomiest period of imperialist despotism and national oppression of Hellenic Cyprus," Associated Press.

"At a later meeting," concluded Dr. Subardjo, "we hope to recommend that free emigration among the seven nations be encouraged."

Mr. G. C. Saw, Director of the "New China Times," Indonesia, and President of the Indonesian Association in Hong Kong, said that the Conference on the whole was not the failure it was thought to be by many people. There were matters which had been discussed at the Conference which were not referred to the Press.

In Mr. Saw's opinion the Baguio Conference in itself had achieved something. This is the beginning of the common united front which the seven participating Nations have formed for all future conferences held by the Big Powers.

ANTI-RED BILL PROTESTED

Melbourne, June 3. Railway union chiefs in Victoria tonight ordered that no trains should run in the stage on Monday, as a protest against the Australian Government's anti-Communist bill.

Six other unions have already called a one-day protest stoppage for Monday.—Reuter.

the Marshall Plan and to start the President's Point Four plan to help backward areas in the world.—Reuter.

Specimen—1. Tend.

2. Bird.

3. Fishe.

4. Elapse.

5. Fantasic.

6. Chair.

7. Extract in-

formation.

8. Legal docu-

ment.

9. Specimen.

10. Fishe.

11. Elapse.

12. Fantasic.

13. Extract in-

formation.

14. Legal docu-

ment.

15. Chair.

16. Bird.

17. Elapse.

18. Fantasic.

19. Extract in-

formation.

20. Fishe.

21. Elapse.

22. Fantasic.

23. Extract in-

formation.

24. Legal docu-

ment.

25. Chair.

26. Elapse.

27. Fantasic.

28. Extract in-

formation.

29. Legal



ROXY: ALSO LATEST FOX-MOVIE TONE NEWS:
1. U.S. Airmen Home from Red China.
2. Royal Marriage and Coronation for King of Siam.
3. Dramatic Rescue of Woman from Niagara Rapids.
4. And Other 'Exclusives'.



SHOWING TODAY **QUEEN'S** **AIR-CONDITIONED** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, & 9.30 p.m.



ADDED! NEW TOM & JERRY COLOR CARTOON!!



Next Attraction: "UNDER CAPRICORN"

CYNICAL OUTLOOK IN INDO-CHINA ON THE U.S. AID PROGRAMME

Will Anglo-American financial aid to South East Asia pour dollars down the drain? Will economic aid achieve its purpose—halt the Southward surge of Communism?

These and kindred questions are being asked in Saigon by many business men, soldiers and diplomats, giving a hesitant welcome to the Special United States Economic Mission to Indo-China, just established by the State Department.

SLIM'S TALKS IN CAIRO

Cairo, June 3. Field-Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, is expected to be received by King Farouk tomorrow before getting down to defence talks with Egyptian leaders on Monday.

The Field-Marshal arrived today at Farouk's airport on the fringe of the desert near Cairo for the talks, which may include discussion of evicting British troops from the Suez Canal zone.

Observers here today linked the Field-Marshal's visit with the recent declaration by Britain, France and the United States on the Middle East arms policy, particularly as defence of the strategic Canal zone would be one of the most important items in any Anglo-Egyptian negotiations.

Before leaving for the Far East on Tuesday evening, the Field-Marshal will see the United States Ambassador, Mr. Jefferson Caffery, the French Ambassador, Maurice Couve de Murville, and the Australian Minister, Mr. Claude Massey.

Admiral Sir John Edelston, Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Station, is expected to arrive in Cairo shortly and is likely to take part in the Anglo-Egyptian defence talks as to the defence of the Suez Canal area and the responsibilities of the Mediterranean Fleet.

Also expected here shortly is the Egyptian Ambassador in London, Abdel Fattah Amr Pashu. He is expected to convey to the Egyptian Government an amplification of the recent British reply to the Egyptian note.—Reuter.

VIETMINH RADIO ACCUSES U.S.

San Francisco, June 3. The Vietminh radio, Voice of Vietnam, commenting on the establishment of an ECA mission in Indo-China, accused the United States of plotting to "convert Indo-China into a base of aggression against the rising tide of the people's movement and a military base for the new war which the international reactionaries are preparing," according to the Peking radio.

The Voice of Vietnam said the United States "intends to supplant the French colonialists in Indo-China in the same way as British influence had once been supplanting in Greece."—United Press.

STAR **AIR-CONDITIONED**
17, Hankow Road, Kowloon.
Juno — 5th.
2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

More GHOULISH GLEE than when they met FRANKENSTEIN!

BUD ABBOTT and LOU COSTELLO
MEET the KILLER.
Boris Karloff"

June — 6th.
(By Popular Request!)
Tyrone Power
Joan Fontaine
In
"THIS ABOVE ALL"

Announcing the Mission's establishment, in a letter to Emperor Bao Dai of Vietnam, Mr. Edmund A. Gullion, Chargé d'Affaires of the U.S. Legation, stated recently: "My Government has reached this decision in order to assist Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam to restore stability and pursue development."

The American note added:

"The Government of the United States recognises that this American assistance will be complementary to the effort made by the three Associated States and France, without any intention of substitution. American aid is designed to reinforce the joint effort of France and the Governments and peoples of Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam, on whom rests the primary responsibility for the restoration of security and stability."

When the first American Economic Mission, under the chairmanship of Mr. Allen Griffen, visited Saigon in March last, the overall sum of \$100 million was mentioned as the full extent of aid to the Three Kingdoms.

As the weeks wore on, that sum was whittled down at Washington to \$15 million for economic aid and an unspecified sum, officially estimated at \$25 million, for military aid. Additionally, Indo-China was to receive part of the unspent residue of American aid to Nationalist China, amounting, it was variously reported, to between \$20 million and \$35 million.

Specific figures are still awaited. American diplomats in Saigon stated an announcement would probably be made in Washington in June.

Business critical

Such aid as will be given, they added, would be linked, but not subsidiary to, general Anglo-American-Australian aid for Burma, Malaya, the Philippines and Indonesia.

French official reaction is favourable to the American Economic Mission—if only because France cannot afford to run counter to American proposals and because the overwhelming proportion of U.S. military aid will go to the French Army in Indo-China.

Influential French business circles in Indo-China are critical. A few think that more dollars in Indo-China will mean more business for them, but the majority appeared to agree with a prominent member of the Chamber of Commerce who said:

"We fear an influx of American goods will drive French goods off the market. So far, French products have enjoyed a protective tariff. Does American aid mean that American goods will come to Indo-China duty free? In that case, why should Americans be given a privilege denied to British goods?"

It has been said cynically possibly with a grain of ugly truth that U.S. aid may indirectly subsidise opium growing in Laos, purchase more concubines for Cambodian royalty, enrich proprietors of Saigon roulette salons and the host of intrigues for personal and political power in this troubled land.

The Special Aid Mission will be headed by Mr. Robert Blum, a competent administrator of the Economic Co-operation Administration, who will open sub-missions in Laos, Cambodia and in Hanoi, capital of North Vietnam, with headquarters office in Saigon.

Another Syria?

According to banking circles, the annual salaries and overheads of the Mission will equal the operational cost of a battalion.

APPEAL BY IRAQ PREMIER

Baaghdad, June 3. Premier Tawfig Sitwaii appealed to the Iraq Parliament today for a free hand in trying to end the present deadlock between the Arab League and Jordan.

He assured the house "I am doing everything possible to break the existing deadlock between the League and Jordan over the unification of Palestine and to strengthen the ties binding the Arab peoples."

The Premier said that to have a debate on this vexed question at the moment might prejudice his efforts or lead to the failure of his mission of mediation.

Jordan's Foreign Minister, Mohammed Pasha Sharelkil, an ex-Premier Samir Rifai, who arrived here today, have already seen the Iraq Premier.—Reuter.

CATHAY **AIR-CONDITIONED**
AT 2.30, 5.30
7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

A COMMON SOLDIER
Dialogue - Mandarin
An U.S.S.R. Picture

NEXT CHANGE—THE SCREEN'S FIRST FULL LENGTH MUSICAL COMEDY CARTOON. IN TECHNICOLOR

"MR. BUGS GOES TO TOWN"

The shade of King Solomon

Detroit, June 3. Judge Ira Jayne rose wearily after granting Mrs. Raphael Tucker a divorce from her husband, Walter, when the couple began arguing about who was to get their cocker spaniel.

Pooch was a Christmas gift of which Walter bought one half and gave it to Rachel, and Rachel bought the other half for Walter.

They did not specify their specific halves at the time.

The Judge finally declared impatiently: "Divide the dog physically between you. I don't care who gets which end."

The Tuckers still haven't solved their problem.—United Press.

GREEK PLAN FOR CYPRUS

Cyprus, June 3. The Greek Premier, General Nicola Plastiras, wants Cypriots to be given a double nationality—Greek and British—according to an Athens radio message received in London today.

He has three other proposals for the British Government in an effort to solve the Cyprus question, Athens newspapers said today.

1. A local Cypriot Parliament, which would send representatives to the Greek Parliament, who would have similar status to Greek Members of Parliament.

2. A Greek Governor-General for Cyprus in charge of all administrative services.

3. Britain to retain military bases in Cyprus.

The newspapers said that General Plastiras would try to persuade the British Government to settle the whole matter by direct negotiations, bypassing the United Nations.

Meanwhile, a delegation of leftwing Cyprus Greeks is now in London on the first lap of a world tour to win support for Enosis—union with Greece.

The delegation expected support from Russia "along with many other freedom-loving countries like India, Pakistan, Israel and Mexico."

They hope to get the case for Enosis on the United Nations agenda for the General Assembly meeting next September.—Reuter.

Rome, June 3. Thirty Italian Holy Year pilgrims on their way to visit a sanctuary at Tivoli near Rome, were seriously injured tonight when their bus overturned in a winding road in the Alban hills.—Reuter.

MAJESTIC AIR-CONDITIONED

SHOWING TODAY
SPECIAL TIMES :
AT 2.30, 5.20,
7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

DOUBLE ATTRACTION

THAY'LL HAVE YOU...
giggling and giggling
...and squirming
for more!

**HOLLYWOOD
BURLESQUE**

STARRING
JENNE and Starring
HILLARY DAWN

Produced by J. B. KROK
Directed by DUKE SOLSTICE
A CONTINUOUS PICTURE

ALSO

THE GREAT MASTERS
KAZAN

Based upon the novel by
JAMES COYNE CURWOOD
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

NEXT CHANGE

HUMPHREY BOGART
in
"TREASURE OF
SIERRA MADRE"

A Warner Bros. Picture



OLIVIA de HAVILLAND
for the best performance by an actress
JOHN MEHAN and HARRY HORNER
for the best art direction (Black & White)

EMILE KURI
for the best set decoration (Black & White)

EDITH HEAD and GILE STEELE
for the best costume design (Black & White)

ARON COPLAND
for the best musical scoring of a dramatic picture



ALSO LATEST UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL NEWSREEL



4 SHOWS at 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.





SUPER AIR SERVICE
FAR EAST — EUROPE BY LUXURIOUS DC-6
FLY ABOVE THE WEATHER — IN PRESSURIZED,
AIR-CONDITIONED, RADIANT-HEATED CABINS.
SMOOTH — SWIFT — SILENT

Every Friday
TO LYDDA, ROME, ZURICH, FRANKFORT, COPENHAGEN,
STOCKHOLM, CONNECTING SAS — SERVICES TO 18 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES
TO NEW YORK VIA GLASGOW
TO BUENOS AIRES VIA RECIFE, RIO DE JANEIRO
& MONTEVIDEO
FLY BY

SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES SYSTEM
General Agents for Hongkong, Macau and South China:
THORESEN & CO., LTD.
Queen's Building, Top Floor
(No. 1 Ice House Street) Telegrams: Basystem APB10

Pacific Overseas Airlines Siam Ltd.

**FLY
POAS**
To Bangkok & Singapore
WITH CONNECTIONS SAME DAY
EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SUNDAY
Peninsula Hotel Lobby Tel. 58865

AIR FRANCE
EVERY PARCEL TRANSPORTED RAPIDLY
AND WITH
GREAT CARE
QUEEN'S BUILDING, GROUND FLOOR
(OPPOSITE THE STAR FERRY) TEL. 26651

A NEW COFFEE!
IT'S NEW... IT'S OUT OF THIS WORLD... IT'S THE IMPROVED CHASE & SANBORN!
When you taste this amazing new blend of Chase & Sanborn, you'll agree it's different... so delicious... so distinctly "right." Words can't do justice to must be tasted. Taste it today. Get it in vacuum-packed from your grocer.

CHASE SANBORN COFFEE

CHINA MAIL

WINDSOR HOUSE

12, Des Voeux Road, Central,
Mezzanine Floor,
HONG KONG.

Telephones:

Editor in Chief 24384

Reporters & General Office 22112

(four lines)

Subscription Rates

3 months HK\$18.00

6 months HK\$36.00

One Year HK\$72.00

All news contributions to be addressed to Editor-in-Chief.
Advertisements and Business communications should be addressed to the Company CHINA MAIL LTD.

THE WEAPON OF GOLD

Striking disclosures are made in an article published in the "New York Post" about the extent of Soviet gold smuggling as part of a planned double offensive against the pound and the dollar. The article, written by Sylvia F. Porter, declares that Russia is now smuggling vast fortunes in gold bars and coins to her agents in key spots of the world — in Sweden, France, Italy, Switzerland, Tangiers, Hong Kong and Macao.

Inside reports are that the Soviet's shipments of this most precious of all monetary metals just in the last 15 weeks run far above \$200,000,000, may even surpass the \$300,000,000 mark. The gold is being taken out of Russia's metal reserves, loaded on Russian steamers, shipped from such ports as Vladivostok to such ports as Marseilles and is then being rerouted to the Soviet's financial agents in the chosen areas.

It is not being done "officially"; no announcement of the shipments has been made, of course. But from Zurich comes the story of large arrivals of gold bars "in transit." And the bars have been identified as Russian.

From Tangiers and Macao comes the tale of the sudden appearance of big bags of gold coins and bars. And the bags bear not only the stamp of the USSR but also carry the stampings of the original owners — "Reichsbank, 1912," "Federal Reserve Bank, 1932," (It was in 1932 and 1933 that gold was fleeing the U. S. for "safer" havens.)

When General Eisenhower addressed the nation's newspaper publishers in New York recently, he urged them to seek clues to Russia's plans in her commercial and economic transactions. For, often deals in this area reveal more than a thousand diplomatic manoeuvres.

We know how deeply the Soviet treasures her gold hoard — variously estimated at from 2 to 5 billion dollars. Why then is she sending such fortunes outside her borders and doing it "unofficially" too? We know that spies are traditionally paid in gold and Russia surely pays off hers in metal as we surely pay off ours. But what sort of espionage could possibly warrant this level of smuggling?

Financiers who study and deal in these mysterious markets see three explanations. First, Russia is building up gold hoards in key spots for future "dumping" purposes — is getting set to dump gold in the global markets to drive down its price at crucial moments. She already has dumped plenty of the metal. Her sales in Paris, Tangiers, etc., during February and March were a major factor in the sensational slump in the world black market prices for gold.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money, have faith only in gold as a measure of value and their own fortunes. When the world gold price crashes, their confidence is bitterly shaken, their willingness to invest in and continue business activities is deeply undermined. Officially, Russia would not sell gold on the black-markets. Unofficially, she could — and she has dumped and she will dump to wage economic and

GERMAN BUSINESS ARMY PLANS INVASION

Firms trading with South America will soon be facing cut-throat German competition.

This is the inescapable conclusion after studying the plans of the grandiose "South American Expedition, 1950," and after hearing the views of numerous German firms on its chances.

This new challenge takes the form of a well-planned and massive economic expedition which will set out from Munich in May with the intention of remaining for the Fatherland its former place in the South American sun — and, if humanly possible, of vastly increasing the area of that place.

The expedition looks like a winner. It is staffed by hand-picked men, and the planners seem to have thought of everything.

Chief personnel will be high-powered sales executives, commercial buyers, experienced intermediaries, advertising experts, scientific report writers, journalists and cameramen.

All have at least 10 years

business or industrial experience of South America and to their technical qualifications they can add ability to speak fluent Spanish and Portuguese.

The aims of this German team are simply "to create larger markets for German products." The basis is on helping small and medium-size firms and factories in Western Germany to renew contracts lost through the war and to make as many new ones as possible.

What is the reason for this corporate assault on South American markets? Simply this: German businessmen can travel abroad again, but currency restrictions and red tape hamstring them considerably and the expense of a prospecting tour as far afield as South America is prohibitive. A "expedition" will be the commercial traveller for all Federal Germany.

Every concern is likely to be interested in a handsome prospectus setting forth the advantages of the scheme: and the very low cost is attracting large numbers of firms who until now have been thinking of South American markets entirely in terms of the distant future.

Air-mail advice

For as little as £2 the expedition undertakes to find a any given centre a firm capable of doing business with the German customer.

Expert opinion backed by up-to-date fact and figures on the commercial possibilities of any area from Panama to Patagonia also costs £2.

For £10 customers may receive

air-mail 35 yards of film and an "expertise" on any enterprise they are interested in. Fees fall sharply when the expedition is given several commissions to fulfil.

Not-too-bulky samples will also be taken along and presented for inspection in all likely quarters.

Contracts will be made, contracts will be placed for home firms and Herr Schmidt will even get a photograph of his Latin associate if he wants one.

Apart from the small fees the only expense is postage. Right from the start a regular air-mail service to home customers will be maintained.

So for an outlay of, say, £250 manufacturers may within a few weeks or less be in position to place valuable orders in places they couldn't previously have found on the map. And be in a position to know all the relevant facts about the firm they are doing business with, even to know, by running off the film, what the South American set-up looks like.

We know how deeply the "master-mind" has on his books a number of men who sail dhows — great wooden-built, lantern-rigged sailing vessels — across the Indian Ocean to the African coast. They carry legitimate cargoes, but before calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa or Lamu, they glide silently into one of the myriad creeks along the ragged coastline.

The "master-mind" has on his books a number of men who sail dhows — great wooden-built, lantern-rigged sailing vessels — across the Indian Ocean to the African coast. They carry legitimate cargoes, but before calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa or Lamu, they glide silently into one of the myriad creeks along the ragged coastline.

Now the real business begins.

Contacting a trader in a coastal village the skipper, using the customary oblique approach over

psychological warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

"If we fail to act effectively on our own in this sphere, we will commit an unpardonable blunder. No, a criminal blunder."

But while it seems clear the venture is frankly commercial it is inspired not a little by nationalist feeling. Well-entitled business firms can be of great political value to Germany in the future.

This is borne out by the expressed intention of making a de-

tailled coast-to-coast examination after purely business matters have been completed "to give would-be emigrants the most exhaustive evaluation of their chances in little-known areas of the continent."

The expedition looks like a winner. It is staffed by hand-picked men, and the planners seem to have thought of everything.

Chief personnel will be high-powered sales executives, commercial buyers, experienced intermediaries, advertising experts, scientific report writers, journalists and cameramen.

All have at least 10 years

business or industrial experience of South America and to their technical qualifications they can add ability to speak fluent Spanish and Portuguese.

The aims of this German team are simply "to create larger markets for German products."

The basis is on helping small and medium-size firms and factories in Western Germany to renew contracts lost through the war and to make as many new ones as possible.

What is the reason for this corporate assault on South American markets? Simply this: German businessmen can travel abroad again, but currency restrictions and red tape hamstring them considerably and the expense of a prospecting tour as far afield as South America is prohibitive. A "expedition" will be the commercial traveller for all Federal Germany.

Every concern is likely to be interested in a handsome prospectus setting forth the advantages of the scheme: and the very low cost is attracting large numbers of firms who until now have been thinking of South American markets entirely in terms of the distant future.

They are the under-paid key men of an illicit trade which has a turnover of many thousand pounds a year.

One of the men leading the battle against the poachers told me that the ivory is used to make bracelets and ornaments which are negotiable as a "bride price" when Indian parents want to have their daughters married off.

The poachers employ tactics which would do credit to the Secret Service, working a series of under-cover men so that all except immediate links are unknown to each other.

This is how the scheme operates: An Indian, anxious to secure a good husband for his daughter, needs carved ivory, bangles and ornaments. He approaches an Indian trader in his village or town and a message is passed down until it reaches the unknown leader of the ring in India.

The "master-mind" has on his books a number of men who sail dhows — great wooden-built, lantern-rigged sailing vessels — across the Indian Ocean to the African coast. They carry legitimate cargoes, but before calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa or Lamu, they glide silently into one of the myriad creeks along the ragged coastline.

The "master-mind" has on his books a number of men who sail dhows — great wooden-built, lantern-rigged sailing vessels — across the Indian Ocean to the African coast. They carry legitimate cargoes, but before calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa or Lamu, they glide silently into one of the myriad creeks along the ragged coastline.

Now the real business begins.

Contacting a trader in a coastal village the skipper, using the customary oblique approach over

psychological warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money, have faith only in gold as a measure of value and their own fortunes. When the world gold price crashes, their confidence is bitterly shaken, their willingness to invest in and continue business activities is deeply undermined. Officially, Russia would not sell gold on the black-markets. Unofficially, she could — and she has dumped and she will dump to wage economic and

political warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money, have faith only in gold as a measure of value and their own fortunes. When the world gold price crashes, their confidence is bitterly shaken, their willingness to invest in and continue business activities is deeply undermined. Officially, Russia would not sell gold on the black-markets. Unofficially, she could — and she has dumped and she will dump to wage economic and

political warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money, have faith only in gold as a measure of value and their own fortunes. When the world gold price crashes, their confidence is bitterly shaken, their willingness to invest in and continue business activities is deeply undermined. Officially, Russia would not sell gold on the black-markets. Unofficially, she could — and she has dumped and she will dump to wage economic and

political warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money, have faith only in gold as a measure of value and their own fortunes. When the world gold price crashes, their confidence is bitterly shaken, their willingness to invest in and continue business activities is deeply undermined. Officially, Russia would not sell gold on the black-markets. Unofficially, she could — and she has dumped and she will dump to wage economic and

political warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money, have faith only in gold as a measure of value and their own fortunes. When the world gold price crashes, their confidence is bitterly shaken, their willingness to invest in and continue business activities is deeply undermined. Officially, Russia would not sell gold on the black-markets. Unofficially, she could — and she has dumped and she will dump to wage economic and

political warfare on the West.

Second, Russia is creating these hoards in outside spots so she can pick up foreign currencies when she wants them — the pound, the dollar, etc. — at prices much below the official rates. For gold still will buy any currency at a discount in the world markets. And again, the economic and psychological advantages to the Soviet are clear.

Finally, Russia is getting in position to wage a double offensive against the pound and the dollar, to back her currency with gold in fact as well as fancy — when and if she is ready to move. This is international money-juggling in the classical tradition. A pattern of competition and conflict is being drawn — and Russia is seizing upon every weapon the capitalist nations ever devised.

The reason: to baffle and terrify the industrialists of Europe and Africa who completely distrust paper money,

TORIES TO PRESS FOR DEBATE ON THE SCHUMAN PLAN

Mr. Winston Churchill's Conservatives will press for an early debate, when Parliament resumes on June 13, on why Britain is staying out of the Schuman plan talks, influential Conservative sources said tonight.

The same sources said that though dismayed by the turn events have taken, it is unlikely that the Conservatives will make it an issue on which the Labour Government, with its minute majority, might be brought down.

Leading Conservatives tonight said that it was disastrous not to have found a formula by which Britain could have come in on the six-nation negotiations on the French plan, which aims at pooling Europe's coal and steel resources.

One of these Conservatives added, "There is tremendous danger in throwing cold water on a plan that is an inspiration to the Western nations by appearing to stand aside and not take part in giving it full study."

He thought that the failure to find a basis on which Britain could take part in the talks—without necessarily committing herself in advance—would weaken her prestige and the readiness of Europe to accept her leadership.

But various Parliamentary Opposition figures conceded that there were points in the plan which Britain could not accept without further information.

These included the nature of the International Authority to administer the plan, to whom it would be responsible, and whether the aim was to form something resembling a cartel or a merger.

Mr. Churchill is known to be strongly sympathetic towards the Schuman plan. Recently he gave it his blessing through the European Union organisation of which he is Chairman.

Not committed

But he has not committed the Conservative Party to any irrevocable line.

Party tacticians do not believe that any alleged Labour shortcoming over the Schuman plan—or for that matter any other foreign policy issue—would provide the best gambit for the Conservatives to overthrow the Government and appeal to the country.

Britain's remarkable recovery in recent months has tended to underline to all political parties here that she has a first rate chance of being one of the few economically independent countries by 1952, when Marshall aid ends.

This would probably be Labour's best weapon with a considerable section of the electorate if it were forced to defend its caution towards European integration in a General Election.

Britain's inability to join in today's six-power declaration on the Schuman Plan was received

PEACE IN BURMA BY JULY?

Rangoon, June 3. The Burma Government plans to achieve peace in Burma by July.

Burmese Communist rebels suffered heavy casualties when Government forces in their rebel offensive smashed their headquarters in the village of Yinchinthaung in Loungun peninsula, South Burma, it was officially reported here today.

The Communists left behind large quantities of ammunition, provisions and stores, the Government forces announced.

In their present South Burma offensive, Government forces are aiming to clear areas held by three separate groups of rebels—the Kurens organised into the armed Karen National Defence Organisation, the Communists, and the People's Volunteer Organisation—a powerful widespread armed organisation of resistance volunteers.

The surrender of insurgents with their arms has been reported from widely separated towns at an accelerated pace in the past few days. In addition to members of the People's Volunteer Organisation and army deserters, some Communists have also surrendered—an action regarded here as unusual.

In their two-pronged offensive directed from Hengzada, key rail and road centre about 100 miles West of Rangoon, Government forces have in the past few days re-occupied three villages and expect to occupy two more, insulated strongholds at any time.

Operations in this area are directed primarily against the Karen National Defence Organisation. Government troops are driving against the KNDOS entrenched at Kyonphaw, between Basgai and Hengzada, and against KNDOS and other insurgents in the North whose stronghold is Ingabu.

Government sources were confident today that both Kyonphaw and Ingabu would fall any moment now.

One village south of Hengzada and two villages to the North have already been re-occupied—Reuter.

London, June 3. The 27,000-ton U.S. aircraft carrier *Philippine Sea* passed through the Panama Canal to join the Pacific Fleet.

Fleet Air Force headquarters here, which made the announcement, said the carrier is due here next Saturday.

Commissioned on the East Coast in 1946, the *Philippine Sea* has always served with the Atlantic Fleet until now.

—Associated Press.

U.S. carrier on way to the Far East

San Diego, June 3. The 27,000-ton U.S. aircraft carrier *Philippine Sea* passed through the Panama Canal to join the Pacific Fleet.

Fleet Air Force headquarters here, which made the announcement, said the carrier is due here next Saturday.

Commissioned on the East Coast in 1946, the *Philippine Sea* has always served with the Atlantic Fleet until now.

—Associated Press.

FALSE COINS SENT TO HK

Manila, June 4. The police said today that counterfeit U.S. gold coins have been shipped from Manila to Hong Kong via Borneo.

The statement was made following the arrest of five Chinese in Cebu City, Central Visayas, for counterfeiting U.S. gold coins.

Counterfeit gold coins of various denominations from US\$1 to US\$20 and complete paraphernalia were seized.

The counterfeiters said they had been operating for several weeks.

Among those arrested were three Chinese engraving experts who claimed to have just arrived from the United States.—Associated Press.

Russian economic efforts snagged

Washington, June 3. There still is considerable doubt that the Russians will succeed in welding the Soviet Union and her satellites into a solid economic bloc, the Agricultural Department's Foreign Office said today.

It said: "Every nation of the bloc is geared to the needs of the Russians and not of the satellites. The economic advantages of the satellites' cooperation with the West would be great, but they are obviously outweighed by political considerations."

The Department's Foreign Office reviewed recent developments in Eastern European trading in its monthly publication, "Foreign Agriculture." The success of the Soviet integration with the satellites would depend on three factors.

(1) "Success in industrialising the predominantly agricultural countries of Eastern Europe.

(2) "Continued ability of the Soviet Union to supply Eastern European countries with raw materials and the other goods so necessary for industrial production.

(3) "Continued ability of the satellites to ship to the Soviets industrial goods such as locomotives, a shortage of which is likely to hamper their own economic development."

The Russians, by arbitrary price fixing, were getting far more valuable goods out of their satellites than they were shipping in.

The Russians set high prices on goods sold to their satellites, and low prices on goods bought from their satellites.

The recent revaluation of Soviet currency could benefit the Russians in their dealings with the satellites.

The note, which made it clear that negotiations on the plan would go ahead without Britain, reached London later today.

In diplomatic quarters in Paris it was understood that while Britain did not consider it necessary to reply formally to the latest note the proposal to set up a liaison committee was warmly welcomed. It was still hoped that during the forthcoming negotiations the British and French standpoints may be brought into line.

The breakdown of the attempt to include Britain in the plan discussions contained one element of surprise to the British Government, according to French official sources.

Last night, when Sir Oliver saw M. Schuman, the impression received in London was that M. Schuman had received favourably the last minute suggestion made by Mr. Bevin for a preliminary meeting of Ministers of the six interested countries.

Consequently, the considered answer given to Sir Oliver—that the proposal for such a conference was not acceptable—caused some astonishment at the Foreign Office.

Official optimism. Observers, however, had felt for the last two days that the difference of approach between London and Paris had become too fundamental to be cured by any procedural suggestion.

M. Jean Monnet, the French author of the plan, is generally regarded as the strong man in Paris behind M. Schuman, who has stood out against any British watering down of the French desire to see participating countries committed to the principles of the plan before concrete discussions took place.

Official quarters in Paris were optimistic about the prospects of building a really united

European Cabinet meets in Paris

Paris, June 3. The Committee of Ministers or Cabinet of the Council of Europe met here today to discuss the results of the meetings between their representatives and those of the Consultative Assembly in London on May 18.

The 13-member Committee were believed also to have considered the report they must present to the Consultative Assembly—the Council of Europe's "Parliament" in August on their actions during the past 12 months and the political reasons for them.

They were also believed to have discussed co-operation with the Council of Associate Members—States represented on the Consultative Assembly but having no seat in the Committee of Ministers.

Quarters close to the Council of Europe later said that the Committee of Ministers had approved the principle of a joint committee of the Committee of Ministers and the Consultative Assembly, proposed at the joint meeting in London.

The Joint Committee would consist of five representatives of the Committee of Ministers and seven of the Assembly, including its President, M. Paul-Henri Spaak, who would preside.

The proposal would now be submitted to the Assembly.

The Committee of Ministers were also understood to have agreed on the main lines of their report to the Assembly—which would be mainly factual—supplemented by a covering letter giving the political reasons for their action.

The covering letter would not be ready until just before the Committee of Ministers' meeting in Strasbourg on August 3.

Drafting report. The following communiqué was issued after the Committee of Ministers' meeting tonight: "The fourth session of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe took place in Paris on June 3 under the chairmanship of M. Nicholas Plastiras, the Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs of Greece, assisted by M. Jean Politis, Under-Secretary of State.

"The following communiqué was issued after the Committee of Ministers' meeting tonight: "The fourth session of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe took place in Paris on June 3 under the chairmanship of M. Nicholas Plastiras, the Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs of Greece, assisted by M. Jean Politis, Under-Secretary of State.

"The Committee examined the conclusions reached by the joint meeting which was held in London on May 18 and adjourned the proposal for the creation of a Joint Committee.

"The Committee of Ministers further agreed on the lines for it to draft a report which it is to furnish to the Consultative Assembly at its forthcoming session."—Reuter.

WAR BRIDES DELAYED.

London, June 3. The Ministry of Civil Aviation said here tonight that a plane-load of war brides, detailed at Hartford, Connecticut, was held up because someone somewhere had misunderstood the regulations.

The 43 British women, married to American servicemen and with their 31 babies, were on their way from Britain to California.

The men were, C. F. Paxton

who had just previously won a

50-mile race and who was to

have been married this month,

and W. L. Nordin. Nordin's

wife collapsed as the plane crashed into the display arena and

Paxton's fiancee, Miss Ann Ryder of Pretoria, was taken to hospital suffering from shock.—Associated Press.

"So far no request for permission to land has come back to us," he said.—Reuter.

AIR TRAGEDY.

Johannesburg, June 3. Two former South African Air Force pilots stunting in an air display at Nigel, Witwatersrand, crashed and were killed today while the wife of one and the fiancee of the other watched from the ground.

The men were, C. F. Paxton

who had just previously won a

50-mile race and who was to

have been married this month,

and W. L. Nordin. Nordin's

wife collapsed as the plane crashed into the display arena and

Paxton's fiancee, Miss Ann Ryder of Pretoria, was taken to hospital suffering from shock.—Associated Press.

"So far no request for permission to land has come back to us," he said.—Reuter.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS WITH KEYBOARD MARGIN CONTROL.

Shannon, Ireland, June 3. Captain Charles Blair, an American Overseas Airline Strato-cruiser pilot, plans in about three weeks an attempt to set a new round-the-world flight record for single-engined planes.

Captain Blair is getting his

Mustang fighter aircraft in per-

fect trim for a global flight at

35,000 feet altitude and a maxi-

mum speed of 420 miles per hour.

In an effort to break the record

set by Milton Reynolds.

The flight will not be commercially

sponsored. "It's just the fulfil-

ment of a life-long ambition," he

explained.—United Press.

REMININGON.

REMININGON TYPEWRITERS WITH KEYBOARD MARGIN CONTROL.

REMININGON ELECTRIC & HAND OPERATED ADDING MACHINES.

REMININGON CARBON PAPER & RIBBONS.

DAVIE, BOAG & CO., LTD.

ALEXANDRA BUILDING.

TELEGRAMS.

REMININGON.

</

SPECIAL SALE

CARPETS

10% TO 30% OFF
UNTIL 6th June,CARPET
INDUSTRIES

63, Austin Rd., Kowloon.

RUGS

TIENTSIN CHEMICAL
WASHED RUGSFIRST QUALITY
AT FACTORY PRICES

VISIT

GREAT EASTERN

RUG CO.

6 HANKOW RD. (GROUND FLOOR)

KOWLOON TEL. 19149

Agents Hongkong & Shanghai Lace Co.

(Lee Kee)

PEKING LACQUER

INLAID & CARVED

SCREENS

&

CABINETS

WHOLE SALE & RETAIL

CHEN BROS.

CURIOS CO.

21 Wyndham St. H.K.

NEW SHIPMENT JUST
ARRIVED!

"BENTLEY" PIANOS

Three Pedals

Neat Modern Designs

Fully Tropicalised

At Reasonable Price

Guaranteed for Ten Years

Inspection Invited

KING'S MUSIC CO.

5, Chia Lung St. H.K. Tel. 20459.

JUST ARRIVED!

BRITISH

ENSIGN CAMERAS

AT MOST FAVOURABLE

PRICE.

A. WHITE & CO.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

12, Peking Road, Kowloon.

RODO HOUSE

240, Tai Po Road, Kowloon.

Terms: Single Rooms \$14 per day

Double Rooms \$16 & \$18 per day

Double Rooms with Balcony

\$22 per day

Meals: 10 per day inclusive for 3 meals

English & Chinese food to suit all

tastes

Hotel Car available for use by guests.

Management & Staff always at your service.

Y. H. Chan.

Manager.

Call or Telephone 50976

LOW PRICE!

Calculators, Typewriters
Carbons & Ribbons

The World Typewriter Co.

16, Wellington St., Tel: 20508
Repairing Service

RUGS

All kinds and various sizes
of Tientsin chemical washed
and Peking art rugs. Wholesale
& retail at lowest price.

CLEANING & MENDING

GOOD YEAR RUG CO.

Room 208 1st Floor
6 Hankow Road, Kowloon.
Tel. 58902.

UNION HOUSE

221-223, Nathan Road, Kowloon

Telephone: 56525

Cable Add: "UNIHOUSE"

Situated at convenient

and residential centre.

Modern Equipment and

Excellent Service.

Comfortable and pleasant

surroundings.

Call or phone for reservations.

SERVICE TO OFFER

DENNIS & CO., LTD.

(White Ant Extermination Dept.)

Offers service in White Ant
Treatment. Just make a call on
the telephone and our technician
will be at your service for free
inspection.

TELE. 58918 & 58909

A large assortment of Tientsin
Mercerized Carpets, Peking Art Rugs and
Woolen Hooked Rugs are now on display
at our showroom. As we are famous
manufacturers in Tientsin and Peking
we can quote real factory prices as
follows:-Tientsin Mercerized Carpets
at HK\$1.50 per sq. ft.Peking Art Rugs
from HK\$1.00 to \$10.00 per sq. ft.

Woolen Hooked Rugs:

Uncut Pile at HK\$2.75 per sq. ft.

Halfcut Pile at HK\$2.75 per sq. ft.

Allcut Pile at HK\$4.50 per sq. ft.

Also Expert in Cleaning and Mending
our carpets.

NORTH CHINA DEVELOPMENT CO.

26, Parkes St. G.F. (Next to Austin Rd.),

Kowloon. Telephone 58928.

NATHAN PHOTO SERVICE
301, NATHAN ROAD,
KOWLOONArt Photographers, Wedding,
Birthday Parties and Outdoor
Groups a Specialty. Expert
in Developing, Printing and
Enlarging.FULL SATISFACTION
ASSURED

Make your appointment NOW!

Phone 58726 and ask for
NATHAN PHOTO
SERVICE 影院

BUTTER SHORTAGE

Butter Concentrate (Kilm Tal
Brand) is now available at all
stores at controlled prices.
This Butter Concentrate is in
tins, and should be mixed with
water or milk to produce one
pound weight. Firm in a
refrigerator or icebox, it is
exactly the same as fresh butter,
because no preservatives what-
soever are used. In tins it
will keep for years without
refrigeration and should be
purchased now against future
shortages.WHITE CLOVER SEEDS
LAWN GRASS
SEED MIXTUREA correctly-blended grass seed
mixture will make your garden
remain lush and green through
out the year. It is tough, hardy,
and strong, holding up well in the
play-ground, service area, and
re-creation ground.Senator Russell noted that the
North Atlantic security pact calls
for pooled defence built on the
principle of balanced collective
forces.Military leaders have said that
France would be assigned the
chief responsibility for ground
forces needed to meet any Russian
onslaught in Europe. The
United States assignment would be
to provide long-range bombers and to
include atomic carriers and to
seize the control of seas with
Britain. The Georgian said the
United States would be surren-
dering some of its sovereignty
under that arrangement.

Time for truth

Senator Russell also expressed
real doubt about Mr. Truman's
proposal to use up to \$1,222,500,
000 of arms funds for my coun-
try whose defence he regarded as
important to American security.
He recalled his own prediction of
last year that it would cost the
United States \$25,000,000,000
ultimately to help rearm the anti-
Communist world. He added that
the estimate looks better today
than it did a year ago.

Criticism of the programme

also came from Senate Re-
publican leader Kenneth Wherry

and Republican Senator Owen

Brewster.

Senator Wherry said it is time
that the Administration gave the
country the truth on the prospects
for peace or war. He complained
that President Truman and
Mr. Dean Acheson (Secretary of
State) were making apparently
contradictory statements about
the outlook.Senator Wherry recalled that
President Truman remarked on
Thursday that the world is closer
to permanent peace than at any
time since the end of World War
II, while Mr. Acheson said on
Friday that the \$1,222,500,000
foreign arms programme may
have to be increased in the im-
mediate future unless Russia
changes her ways or there is very
considerable improvement in the
world situation.He said, "It is too bad that the
President and his Secretary of
State do not get together because we
don't know whom to believe." Senator Brewster agreed.—United
Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.The communiqué said the re-
bels suffered heavy losses during
the action which lasted from May
20 to May 28.—United Press.



CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"PRODUCE"	Singapore, Djakarta & Sibu	10 a.m. 4th June
"JUPEH"	Inchon & Tientsin	5 p.m. 5th June
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 6th June
"SHANSI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 8th June
"TUNNAN"	Saigon	5 p.m. 13th June
"ANHUI"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	3 p.m. 18th June
"FUKIEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 10th June
* Sails from Custodian Wharf.		

ARRIVALS FROM

"SHANSI"	Kobe	7 a.m. 6th June
"JUNAN"	Tientsin & Tsingtao	7th/8th June
"SOOCHOW"	Keelung	9th June
"ANHUI"	Singapore	9th June
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok	10th June
"YUNNAN"	Saigon	11th June
"FUKIEN"	Indonesia & Straits	15th/16th June

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE LTD./CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

"TAIPEI"	Kure, Osaka & Kobe	7 a.m. 5th June
"CHIANGSHA"	Japan	15th June
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney	20th June
"TAIPEI"	Sydney & Melbourne	23rd June

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIPEI"	Australia & Manila	In Port
"CHIANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	8th June
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	17th June

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"PYRRHUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	8th June
"AGAPENOR"	Havre & Liverpool	18th June

"CALCHAS"	Casablanca, Liverpool & Dublin	23rd June
-----------------	--------------------------------	-----------

ARRIVALS FROM

"AGAPENOR"	U.K. via Straits & Manila	13th June
"PELEUS"	U.K. via Straits	13th June
"DOLIUS"	U.K. via Bangkok & Labuan	15th June
"AENEAS"	U.K. via Straits	27th June
"MARON"	U.K. via Straits	4th July
"AUTOMEDON"	U.K. via Straits & Manila	13th July
"PATROCLUS"	U.K. via Straits	17th July
"CYCLOPS"	U.K. via Straits	27th July

DE LA RAMA LINES

Sailing to NEW YORK, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, Via JAPAN and PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"DONA ANICETA" 13th June

Carriers option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

All the above subject to alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight particulars please apply to

I. CONNAUGHT ROAD, CENTRAL
Tel. 30331/8 Private Exchange.

BRANCH OFFICE 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878

AMERICAN PIONEER LINE
to and from
Atlantic Coast Ports of
the United States
and Far Eastern Ports

NEW FAST CARGO SHIPS

ARRIVALS FROM ATLANTIC

"PIONEER DALE"	June 12
"PIONEER LAND"	July 31
"PIONEER LAKE"	Aug. 29

SAILING TO MANILA

"PIONEER DALE" (via Yokohama, Kobe & Fusan)	June 13
"PIONEER LAND" (via Keelung & Yokohama)	Aug. 1

"PIONEER LAKE" Aug. 31

SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA via JAPAN & PANAMA CANAL

"PIONEER MAIL"	Arr. June 8 Sails June 10
"PIONEER BAY"	June 25
"PIONEER DALE"	July 1
"PIONEER WAVE"	Aug. 6

For rates, special information call

UNITED STATES LINES

Queen's Bldg. COMPANY Tel. 28194.

The above list indicates the principal Ports of Call and Countries
at present being visited, but not their order. Please apply to
the Agent for the latest information.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

ANGLO-IRANIAN OIL
STALEMATE DRAGS ONTreasury
statement on
Hong KongLondon, June 3.
The Treasury stated today that it had given a direction to regulate the use of the sterling assets of residents of Hong Kong.

This direction, it said, comes into force on Monday and is designed solely to stop possible undesirable transfers of sterling resulting in a loss of dollar exchange.

The Hong Kong dollar remains convertible into sterling without limit for all legitimate transactions, the Treasury added.—Reuters.

REPORT
ON HOURS
OF WORK

Geneva, June 3.

The International Labour Office is to prepare a report on reduction of working hours because of rising labour productivity.

This decision was made by the labour organisation's governing body now in session in Geneva.

A similar proposal was laid before the United Nations Economic and Social Council last year by the American Federation of Labour.

The AFL delegate to the governing body, Mr. George Delaney, urged today that the subject be included in the agenda of the 1952 International Labour Conference, when the report should be ready.

The British employers' delegate, Sir John Forbes-Watson, agreed that report should be prepared.

But he thought it would shock

the world if the labour organisation

discussed a reduction of

working hours at time when

the world is crying out for more

food, clothing and housing.—

Reuters.

Profits on exchange

The British Government is directly concerned because it is a majority stockholder in the company, whose book value for below its actual worth is £137,000,000.

Imports into Iran are running four times exports. A sound

financial position for the country

U.S. shipped \$119,100,000 worth

of goods to sterling areas while

importing \$113,500,000 worth.—

Associated Press.

U.S. AND THE
STERLING AREA

Washington, June 3.

The United States exported \$141,300,000 worth of products to Britain's sterling area bloc during March while importing \$111,100,000 worth from that area.

The Commerce Department said that during February, the

For 11 months the giant Anglo-Iranian Oil Company has been willing to double payments to Iran but the Iranian Parliament continues to delay ratification of the agreement. Politics and nationalism are responsible, it is generally agreed here.

Both Iran and Anglo-Iranian initialled a new agreement more than a year ago. The terms would roughly increase direct royalty, dividend and other payments from about £9,000,000 to over £18,500,000.

Anglo-Iranian spokesmen say that under the initialled agreement they would be paying Iran about 17/5d. on each metric ton of production. The company claims it would be the highest payment made by any major operating oil company.

But last July the Iranian Parliament declined to ratify the new agreement without even bringing it to a vote. There is no indication here of any immediate prospects for a break in the stalemate.

Anglo-Iranian says it will stand by the initialled agreement. Iranian officials have produced no suggested alternative proposal.

Both British and Iranian concurred it is to the best interests of both parties to regularise operations. Meanwhile, Anglo-Iranian continues to pay under terms of a 1933 agreement which maintains reserves to make retroactive payments on the new scale. Presumably this will be necessary.

Since Iran is the largest source of sterling oil and Britain is fighting to conserve dollars, smooth relations between Anglo-Iranian and Iran are important.

Last year the company produced 25,500,000 metric tons of oil. Its Abadan refinery is the largest in the world. Anglo-Iranian, with 80,000 employees, is the biggest employer in the country. Moreover, it is the hard core of the Iranian economy now, that Iran is in the throes of business depression.

But he thought it would shock the world if the labour organisation discussed a reduction of working hours at time when the world is crying out for more food, clothing and housing.—

Reuters.

JAPAN TO RELAX
REGULATIONS ON
CURRENCY?

Tokyo, June 3.

The Japanese Government is expected to relax controls on foreign currency accounts and permit increased exports for the Sterling area, the Kyodo News Agency said today.

It reported that the Government's Sterling holdings have reached £17,000,000.—Associated Press.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

s.s. "TAIPEI" Arrived June 1, 1950

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf from 10 a.m. on June 5 and 6, 1950 and consignee representatives are requested to be present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents,
China Navigation Co., Ltd.,
Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.,

Hong Kong, June 5, 1950.

RANCHING IN
TANGANYIKADar es Salaam, June 3.
Britain's Colonial Secretary has approved the leasing of 300,000 acres of land at Estaminor, Tanganyika, for ranching. The Tanganyika Government disclosed today.

It added that the proposal had been referred back to the Colonial Secretary regarding certain matters of detail. The Government statement was issued after criticism that the land was being handed over to the Colonial Development Corporation instead of private concern.

When the details were resolved, it was intended to call for applications for rights of occupancy in the usual manner. No promise had been made that the whole area would be allotted to any individual or company, and advertisements would soon appear inviting applications, which would be considered by the Land Settlement Board, the statement said.—Reuters.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

From UNITED KINGDOM
PORTS and STRAITS.

Consignees per ship

s.s. "CANTON"

ARRIVED 5-6-50.



ROYAL INTER-OCEAN LINES

SINGAPORE, JAYA
PORTS and
MACASSAR

ARRIVALS SAILINGS

"TJIBODA" 10th June
"TJITJALENGKA" 10th June
"TABMAN" 20th June
"VAN HEUTZ" 20th June
"Not calling Singapore" 11th June
"only to Singapore, Penang & Col. Deli

MANILA, EAST &
SOUTH AFRICA &
SOUTH AMERICA

ARRIVALS SAILINGS

"TJIBADANE" 13th June
"BERLAGE" 20th June
"TEGELBERG" 6th July
"TJIKAMPEK" 2nd July
"RUYB" 5th Aug.
"not calling Manila"

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA

and MALAYA
"RYNKERK" 11th June
"LANGLEEBCOT" 14th June
"MARIKERK" 15th July
Through B/L issued to
Mediterranean and Northern
European ports.

JAPAN

"RYNKERK" 13th June
"LANGLEEBCOT" 12th July
"MARIKERK" 18th June
early Aug. early July

TELEGRAMS: KING'S BUILDING, TELEPHONES: 28013 TO 28017

CHINESE AGENTS: 62, CONNAUGHT ROAD, C, HONG KONG, 24383

ISTHMIAN LINE
(Isthmian Steamship Company, New York)

DIRECT MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK
VIA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

"STEEL SURVEYOR" 22nd June
"AKTION" 24th July

Tanks available for Bulk Oil.

SAILINGS TO SAIGON, BANGKOK &
DJAKARTA (BATAVIA)

"STEEL SEAFARER" 24th June
"STEEL ROVER" 18th July
"STEEL ADMIRAL" 16th Aug.

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

Sails N.Y. Sails S.F. Due H.K.
"STEEL SEAFARER" Sailed Sailed 24th June
"STEEL ROVER" 6th June 24th June 15th July
"STEEL ADMIRAL" 7th July 25th July 15th Aug.

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

Tel. 31146
Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., LTD.
Tele: 28822, 25553 & 23483

ISTHMIAN LINE
(Isthmian Steamship Company, New York)

S.S. "STEEL SURVEYOR"

LOADING 21st JUNE
SAILING 22nd JUNE

FOR

LOS ANGELES & NEW YORK

via PANAMA CANAL

Passenger Accommodation Available.

TANKS AVAILABLE FOR BULK OIL

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

Tel. 31146.
Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., LTD.
Tele: 28822, 25553 & 23483.

SWEDISH EAST ASIA
CO., LTD.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

m.v. "HAI HING" 5th June
m.v. "SUMATRA" End June
m.v. "MINDORO" End July

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

m.v. "BALI" 12th June
m.v. "SUMATRA" 15th July

FOR

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP,
ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO
& GOTHENBURG

Deep Draft Available for Bulk Oil

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

HONG KONG WATERFRONT

BY OUR HARBOUR REPORTER

Waterfront Who's Who

Among the many graduates of the Diocesan Boys' School who have risen to a position of eminence in Hong Kong is one who is well-known and admired in the shipping circles of the Colony.

He is the youthful-looking Mr. F. W. Winyard—Captain Winyard to give him his former Army rank—graduate of the Class of 1932. Today Mr. Winyard, Hong Kong-born citizen, 35 years of age and with a wife and two children, doesn't look his age.

Mr. Winyard is the Consulting Engineer with the Overseas Navigation Company and several other companies.

After graduating from the Diocesan Boys' School at the age of 17, Mr. Winyard served five years as an apprentice to the Hong Kong and Whampoa Docks, signing on as Marine Engineer with Indo-China Steamship Company vessels plying between India, China and Australia.

In 1941, just prior to the outbreak of hostilities in the Far

East, Mr. Winyard was with the Murine Superintendent of the Overseas Navigation Company and was in charge of the conversion of the mv Wen Hsing from a cargo vessel into a passenger ship.

Then in 1948, he became the Murine Superintendent of the Overseas Navigation Company and was in charge of the conversion of the mv Wen Hsing from a cargo vessel into a passenger ship.

After the mv Wen Hsing was sunk as the result of an aerial attack by Nationalist planes, at the beginning of this year, Mr. Winyard undertook the salvage of the vessel in Kongmoum harbour.

In spite of many obstacles he had the vessel raised and towed to Macao, whence she was towed by the Frosty Moller back to Hong Kong under an escort of several Naval ships for fear of the Communists who wanted the vessel to be used as a guinea vessel to be used as a guinea

vessel and for fear of the Nationalists who wanted the boat for the money they could get for it.

The mv Wen Hsing is soon to undergo complete overhauling and repairs and Mr. Winyard will once again resume responsibility.

Because of his fluent knowledge of Chinese and because of his engineering qualifications he was given a direct commission, transferred to the Royal Engineers in Bombay and later sent to Rangoon. Through his perseverance and excellent work he soon rose to the rank of Captain.

In 1942, he was with the British Staff Mission in Rangoon in the capacity of liaison officer and was among those who walked out of Burma to India via the Palet Road, across the Chindwin and along the Manipur Road.

After the retreat from Burma, Mr. Winyard was detailed to form Chinese Workshop Units for India and also formed the Hong Kong Volunteer Royal Engineers Unit in Bengal in 1943, which comprised ex-Hong Kong Volunteers ex-L.E.P.s and ex-Hong Kong Royal Navy Volunteer Reserves who had escaped from Hong Kong.

He was in command of this Unit until General Wingate took charge during his second expedition into Burma.

Mr. Winyard was then transferred to Force 136, an off-shoot of the Ministry of Economic Warfare, as Base Engineer. This was during this time that he helped in building a small shipyard just outside Bombay which built ships for Far East operations.

Later Mr. Winyard learnt that several of the vessels which he had helped to build were instrumental in the sinking of Japanese submarines.

U.S. ORIENT MERCHANT LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIP FROM DUE

"T.RITON" EAST COAST/U.S.A. Abt. 24th June

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

AGENTS: York Building.

Tel. 34163

Pacific Far East Line, Inc.

Fast Regular Trans-Pacific Service

DIRECT	NEW YORK-CHICAGO-Detroit-Toronto, AMERICAN & CANADIAN CITIES	OVERLAND	
		SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES	MONTREAL AND ALL
From	Arrive	Arrive	Arrive
"FLYING DRAGON"	June 18	June 18	June 18
"J. L. LUKESTRATH"	June 19	June 19	June 19
"FLYING DUCK"	June 20	June 20	June 20
"PHILIPPINE DRAGON"	June 21	June 21	June 21
"CONQUEST"	June 22	June 22	June 22

The life of a Praya coolie

During these warm summer evenings many people walk along the Waterfront to enjoy the cool enervating breeze which blows off the harbour. They will not envy those who have to toil away during these hours in order to earn their daily bread.

Should you be one of these fortunate ones who have

the leisure to enjoy an evening's walk along the Waterfront you will notice that at every wharf which has a vessel berthed alongside there are many workers, some clad in red jackets, some in blue and even some who are

almost naked except for a pair of trousers.

You will see them working feverishly loading or unloading goods from the vessel depending on whether the ship has just arrived in port or is due to leave during the night or early morning.

They get their share because they are the interpreters and sometimes the introducers of



A typical Praya scene showing coolies loading cargo on a junk to take to an ocean-going vessel anchored offshore. (China Mail photo).

the sweat of their brows" be the weather wet or fine, day or night, over seven days a week.

Wharf-coolies are indispensable on the Waterfront yet many people who arrive by ships consider them nuisances in that they cluster round their luggage and clamour to be hired.

Helping to carry the luggage of a passenger is but a small part of their work. By doing so they hope to augment their meagre daily earnings and perhaps gain enough for some small luxury such as a packet of "Gold Leaf" cigarettes or enough to be able to invite their friends to a ton-shop where they can philosophise on the hardships of life.

The main work of a wharf-coolie is the loading and discharging of cargo on and off vessels and junks. This is their main source of income and it is not every coolie on the Praya who is able to do the work.

Wharf-coolies

Each wharf has its own "clique" of coolies numbering between 20 and 30 under a "head" man. The "head" man is responsible for the work of his men and sees to it that the work on the wharf which he "operates" is properly done and that no "gate-crashers" do any work on that particular wharf. Wharf-coolies though there are insufficient men to complete the job in the required time.

Each wharf is rented from the owners or perhaps Government by shipping companies and they in turn "let" the "coolie rights" to the highest bidder or to the coolies who are on their pay-roll.

The daily earnings of each group of coolies are pooled and the whole gang must leave and find work elsewhere.

Besides these coolie gangs who operate on the wharves there are gangs who take over the loading and discharging of cargo on and off the junks and sailing vessels along the Praya. They too, though not as large and well-organized as the others, who tries to earn an extra 10 or 20 cents.

On an average, each Waterfront coolie earns about HK\$3 a day. This may appear sufficient to many people, for the daily wage of a coolie, but they do not realize that in order to do the heavy work they have to eat enough to replace the energy they use up.

The coolies eat three meals a day and at each meal they take between five to seven bowls of rice, added to the "sing".

Again, some, if not all, of the coolies have families to support and many of them send their children to night schools in the hope that, if given a chance, their children at least will have the chance to escape the drudgery of manual labour which they themselves endure because of an absolute lack of

AMERICAN
PRESIDENT
LINES

The Global Fleet

TO HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO
via JAPAN

via JAPAN

General Gordon Arr. June 10 Sails June 20
President Wilson Arr. June 19 Sails June 20
President Cleveland Arr. July 14 Sails July 19

TO SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES
via JAPAN

via JAPAN

President Harrison Arr. June 10 Sails June 20
President McKinley Arr. June 13 Sails June 14

TO NEW YORK, BALTIMORE & BOSTON
via PACIFIC COAST & PANAMA

via PACIFIC COAST & PANAMA

President Tyler Arr. June 10 Sails June 21
Williamette Victory Arr. July 15 Sails July 16

ROUND THE WORLD

VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, COCHIN,
BOMBAY, KARACHI, SUEZ, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA,
NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NEW YORK and BOSTON

President Grant In Port Sails June 6
President Polk Arr. June 20 Sails June 22

BEN LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIP FROM

"BENARTY" U.K. via Singapore on or abt.

"BENVORLICH" " " " "

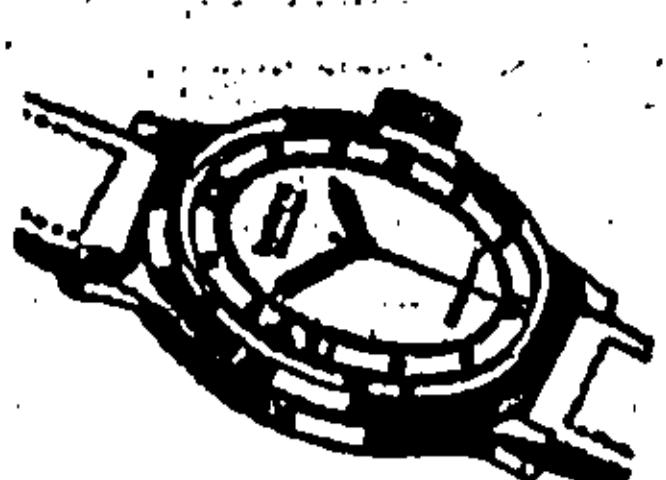
"BENMACDHUI" " " " "

"BENLOMOND" " " " "

"BENALDER" " " " "

"BENAVON" " " " "

"BENVENUE" " " " "



BUREN
THE PERFECT
SWISS WATCH

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1950



Quadrangular Hockey:

CIVILIANS LOSE TO RAF 2-0 IN FINAL

By "ARGONAUT"

Presentation
to CYS Gater

CYS Gater, who is leaving for Home shortly, was presented with a silver cigarette case yesterday by the Hong Kong Hockey Association, as a token of appreciation for services rendered by him in connection with the game in this Colony.

Citation Wins US\$20,000 Gold Gate Mile

Albany, Calif., June 3. The incomparable Citation won the U.S.\$20,000 Gold Gate Mile today to become the greatest money-winning thoroughbred of all time. He set a new world's record doing it.

The big son of Bull Lea came charging down the stretch, colared the front running Bolero and came through to win by a neck. His time was 1:32.3, beating the old mark of 1:34 set by Coalbourn, his stablemate, last year.

When Citation with jockey Steve Brooks up returned to the winner's circle, he received one of the greatest ovations heard in Western racing circles.

The 20,300 fans roared their approval of his great performance and the ovation lasted all the time a picture was being taken and until he was walked off the track in a blanket to his stable.

Bolero, who set a world's record for the six furlongs only a week ago, was second and Veteran Trust was third.

Citation's latest victory boosted his all-time earnings to US\$924,830. The old record was US\$918,485 held by Styline, now retired. And it took Styline 131 races to do it. This race today was Citation's 36th. He has raced only two and a half years.—United Press.

The Royal Air Force Hockey XI ended their season in a blaze of glory yesterday, when they defeated their more favoured Civilian opponents by two goals to nil in the final of the Quadrangular Tournament at King's Park. Completing yesterday's programme, which marked the close of the Hong Kong Hockey season for 1949-1950, was a Ladies' match between Mrs. Read's XI and Mrs. Houten's XI, as well as a Press versus Umpires game.

On conclusion of the games trophies won during the 1949-1950 season were presented by Mrs. W. A. Read.

In view of the fact that the Army did not enter a team for the Quadrangular tournament this year and of RAF's finishing somewhere near the middle of this year's League table, there were many who thought that the result of yesterday's game was a foregone conclusion in favour of Civilians.

The Airmen rose to the occasion, however, and served up a rousing display, in which every member of the team gave of his best.

Without in any way detracting from the splendid performance of the Airmen, however, it might be said that the team which did duty for the Civilians yesterday was not the best that the Colony could field.

It is understood that the team had been chosen with the idea of making it a representative one.

Reason for defeat

Gerry Gosano sustained a cut on the forehead during the middle of the second half and for the last 15 minutes the Civilians were playing with four forwards.

It was, however, the inability of the Civilian players to change their tactics in attack that brought about their defeat.

Goals were scored by Miss Luck (2) and Miss Hale.

Mrs. Read's XI: Mrs. Read, Mrs. C. Houten, Miss Steponoff, Miss Elliott, Miss Owen-Hughes, Miss Wright, Miss Abraham, Miss Owen, Miss Luck, Miss Hale, Miss Scott.

Mrs. Houten's XI: Mrs. Woods, Mrs. Decker, Mrs. Silva, Miss Jackson, Miss Corre, Miss Winkum, Mrs. Archer, Mrs. Stroobach, Mrs. Rambellou, Mrs. Whitworth, Mrs. Dirkzwager.

The Press-Umpires match resulted in a win for the Press by three goals to two, after a closely contested fight.

MRS. READ'S XI



Shown above is Mrs. Read's Hockey XI which beat Mrs. Van Houten's team by three goals to nil in a friendly hockey match at King's Park yesterday.—("China Mail" photo).

Yachting:

La Linda wins all-night race round the Island

The all-night yacht race round the Island between La Linda and Piet Hein II, two Dragon class yachts, was won by La Linda in six and a half hours.

Mr. John McKay was skipper of La Linda, and Mr. J. A. King its crew, while Piet Hein II was in the charge of Mr. Van Heel, who had as his crew Mr. Bill Hancock, Miss Diana Flint and Miss Betty Boyle.

The two yachts crossed the starting line at the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club, Kellet Island, at 11.25 p.m. on Saturday.

They were given an enthusiastic send-off by the large gathering which had taken time out from the Yacht Club Dinner Dance to witness the start of a most unique and hazardous race.

On the beat up to Lyemun Pass, the yachts ran into heavy squalls and rain.

Mountainous seas

From Lymun to Cape D'Aguilar, mountainous seas were encountered. The run from Cape D'Aguilar to Green Island was undertaken in very fast time.

There was a clear sky when the yacht reached Green Island, but strong winds were again encountered.

Piet Hein, which had been leading most of the way, was unable to reef her sails off Sulphur Channel.

As a result La Linda was able to overtake her and beat up to the finishing line at Kellie Island to win the race, arriving at 3.45 a.m.

Lawn Tennis:

Karendra Nath wins Surrey Championship

Sutton, Surrey, June 3. Karendra Nath, India's third ranked player, today won the Men's Singles title in the Surrey Lawn Tennis Championships. In the final, he beat the holder, Czeslaw Spychal, former Polish Davis Cup player, by 6-1 and 6-4.

Nath played a strong game of fairly big services and forceful rallying and his all-round precision troubled the defences of the title-holder.

After a runaway victory in the first set, when Spychal could do little right on the backhand, there was a keen tussle for the second set when Nath had a three-love lead reduced to three-all.

He went ahead by the odd game, however, and showed his strength off the ground by putting over some good passing shots where Spychal tried to force him from the net.

The Indian player proved himself much more competent than when he was here two years ago.—Reuter.

LAKE PLACID WINS MANCHESTER CUP

Manchester, June 3. Mr. J. H. Joe's Lake Placid today won the Manchester Cup after a photo finish, over one and a half miles back from the afternoon start. Mr. J. T. Morris, Morris' son, was second and Mr. H. H. Hutton's Royal Canadian Dragoons third.

Baseball:

Phillies topple Cubs; Yankees sweep White Sox in a double-header

New York, June 3. The Philadelphia Phillies moved within a half game of pace-setting Brooklyn in the National League race today when they defeated the Cubs 6-2.

The Phillies routed Bob Rush, who had previously beaten them twice. They batted him for five runs and seven hits in three innings.

Scores:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Philadelphia	6	13	0
Chicago	2	10	0

Winning pitcher Emory Church, loser Bob Rush.

	R	H	E
Boston	10	12	0
Pittsburgh	6	13	1

Winning pitcher Johnny Sain, loser Vic Lombardi.

	R	H	E
Cleveland	9	9	1
Boston	11	13	2

Winning pitcher Al Papel, loser Mike Torello.

	R	H	E
Detroit	6	14	0

Winning pitcher Hal Newhouser, loser Bob Feller.

	R	H	E
Philadelphia	1	7	2

Winning pitcher Hal Newhouser, loser Bob Feller.

	R	H	E
Chicago (1st game)	1	9	1

Winning pitcher Tommy Byrne, loser Bob Clegg.

	R	H	E
Chicago (2nd game)	3	9	0

Winning pitcher Fred Banfield, loser Bill Wright.

Associated Press.

Two challenges

Scoring six runs in the opening

inning on four hits and three

walks, Boston's Red Sox with-

stood two challenges to down the

Cleveland Indians 11-9 in the

American League.

Catcher Biddle, Tebbetts and

left-fielder Ted Williams both

slashed home runs for the win-

ners and first baseman Luke

East and centre-fielder Larry

Doby each belted one for the

Indians.

Detroit scored its sixth straight

victory over Philadelphia, 6-1,

for the season as pitcher Hal

Newhouser won his fourth

straight decision.

Every member of Detroit's line-

up, save first baseman Don Hul-

loway, hit safely at least once as

the Tigers belted starter Bobby

Shantz for 14 hits. One was

catcher Aaron Robinson's home

run.

Centre-fielder Sam Chapman

spoiled Newhouser's bid for a

shutout with a ninth inning

home run.

Centre-fielder Sam Chapman

spoiled Newhouser's bid for a

shutout with a ninth inning

home run.

Scoring six runs in the opening

inning on four hits and three

walks, Boston's Red Sox with-

stood two challenges to down the

Cleveland Indians 11-9 in the

American League.

Catcher Biddle, Tebbetts and

left-fielder Ted Williams both

slashed home runs for the win-

ners and first baseman Luke

East and centre-fielder Larry

Doby each belted one for the

Indians.

Detroit scored its sixth straight

victory over Philadelphia, 6-1,

for the season as pitcher Hal

Newhouser won his fourth

straight decision.

Every member of Detroit's line-

up, save first baseman Don Hul-

loway, hit safely at least once as

the Tigers belted starter Bobby

Shantz for 14 hits. One was

catcher Aaron Robinson's home

run.

Centre-fielder Sam Chapman

spoiled Newhouser's bid for a

shutout with a ninth inning

home run.

Centre-fielder Sam Chapman

spoiled Newhouser's bid for a

shutout with a ninth inning

home run.

Scoring six runs in the opening

inning on four hits and three

walks, Boston's Red Sox with-